



ToMaTo

Topology Management Tool

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Introduction

ToMaTo is a topology-oriented control framework for virtual networking experiments.

▶ **Control framework**

- Like Planet-Lab, Emulab, ...
- Developed in the German-Lab project
- Open-Source project ([hosted on Github](#))

▶ **Topology-oriented**

- Basic abstraction: Network topology
- Each experiment has its own topology
- Topologies contain connected elements

▶ **Virtual networking experiments**

- Developed for networking experiments
- E.g. networking research or software testing
- All parts of the experiment setup are virtual

▶ **Advanced features**

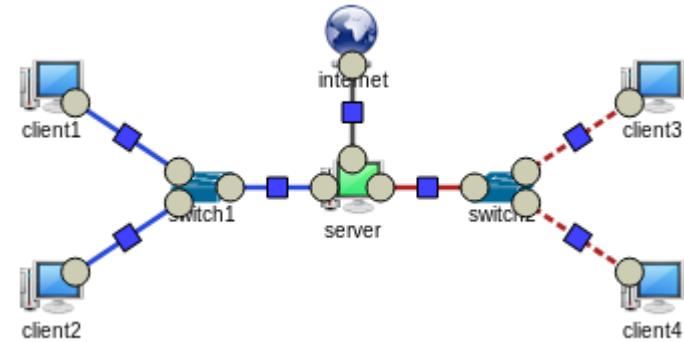
- Direct console access
- Link emulation
- Packet capturing

▶ Graphical representation

- Icons show element type
- Colored icons show virtualization technology
- Link color shows network segments
- Link style shows link attributes

▶ Example

- One central server
- 4 clients, connected with 2 switches
- Internet connected to server



▶ Per Topology

- Accounting
- Permissions

▶ **KVM**

- Full virtualization
- Integrated into Linux Kernel

▶ **OpenVZ**

- Container virtualization
- Added to Linux Kernel via patch

▶ **Scripts**

- Programming language virtualization
- Installed as software

▶ **Additional elements**

- Easy to add more
- Planned: VirtualBox, LXC



Repy scripts

▶ Repy

- Restricted Python (Sandbox)
- Technology from Seattle testbed
- Modified for ToMaTo
- Functions for receiving and sending raw ethernet packages

```
packet = tunctl_read("eth0", timeout=None)
ethernet = ethernet_decode(packet)
echo("%s -> %s: %d bytes\n" % (ethernet.src, ethernet.dst, len(packet)))
tunctl_send("eth1", packet)
```

▶ Library

- Basic protocols implemented: Ethernet, IPv4, TCP, UDP and ICMP
- Even some higher protocols: DHCP and DNS
- Examples for: NAT router, DHCP server, DNS server, Switch, ...
- Can be extended within the language

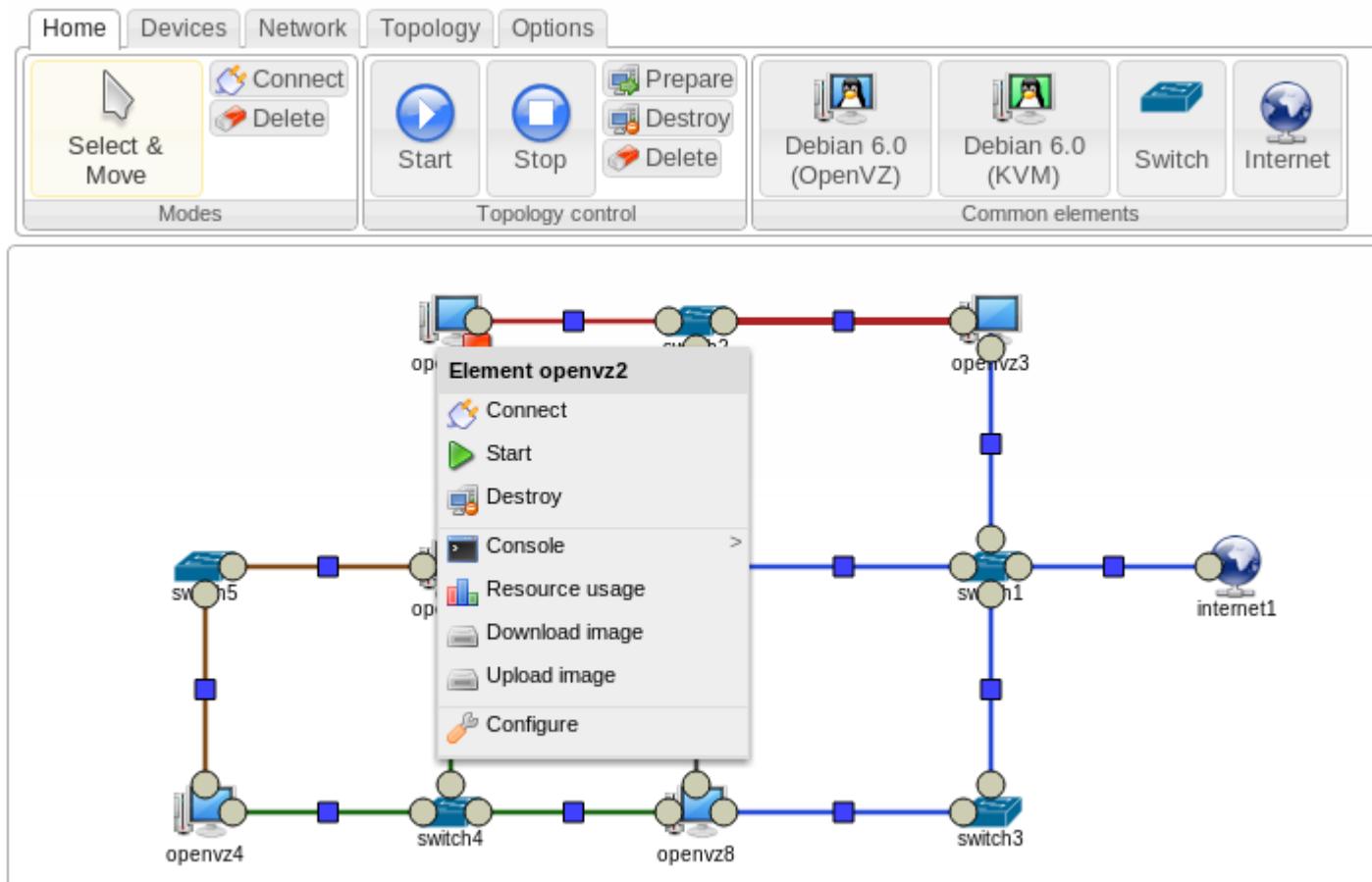


VM Elements - Features

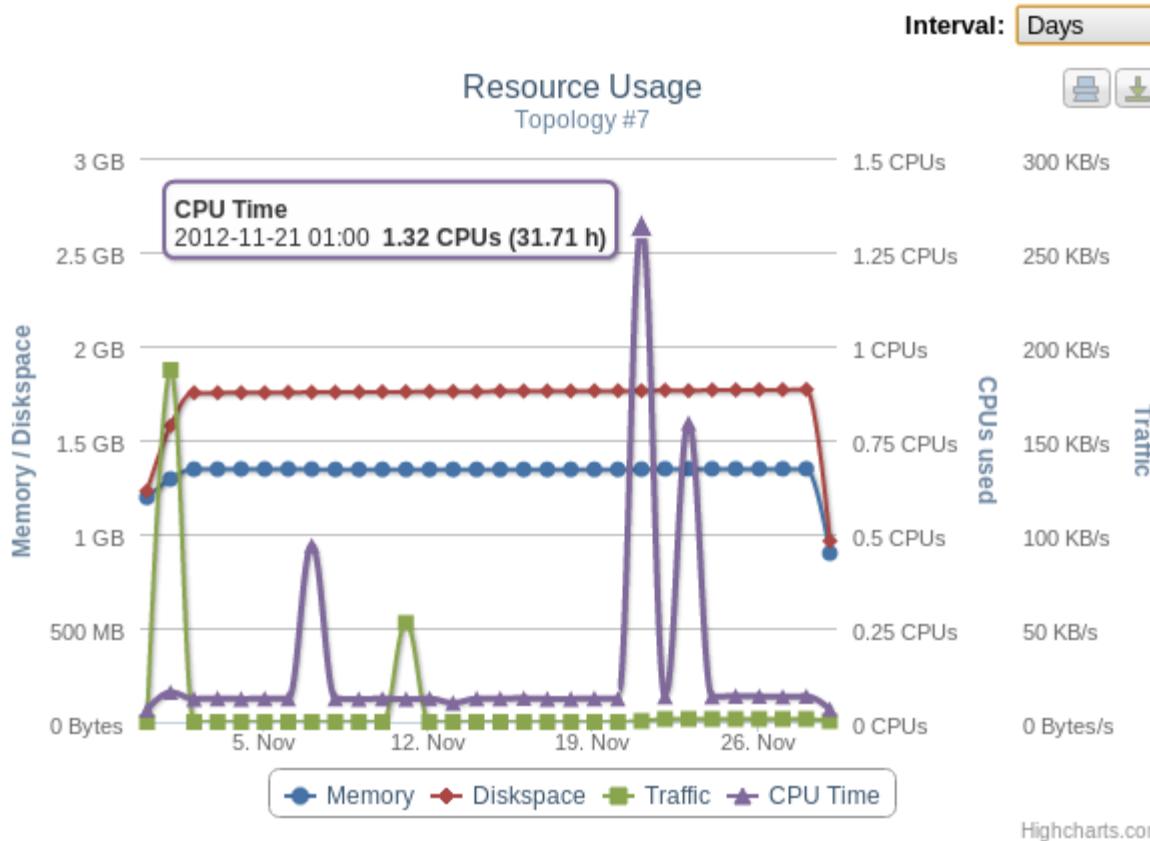
	KVM	OpenVZ	Repy scripts
# per node	~20	~100	~1000
any x86 OS	✓	✗	✗
Linux OS	✓	✓	✗
Kernel space	✓	✗	(✓)
Console support	✓	✓	✓
Mouse/Keyboard input	✓	✓	✗
Layer 2 connectivity	✓	✓	✓
Interface configuration	(✓)	✓	(✓)

- ▶ **VPN: Tinc**
 - Full mesh VPN without server
 - Fully contained, virtual network
 - Cross-site layer 2 connectivity
 - Open endpoints allow federation
- ▶ **Tunnel: VTun**
 - Layer 2 tunnel over UDP
 - Open endpoints allow federation
- ▶ **External networks**
 - Bridge into local network segments
 - E.g. Internet or local research network

Webfrontend - Editor



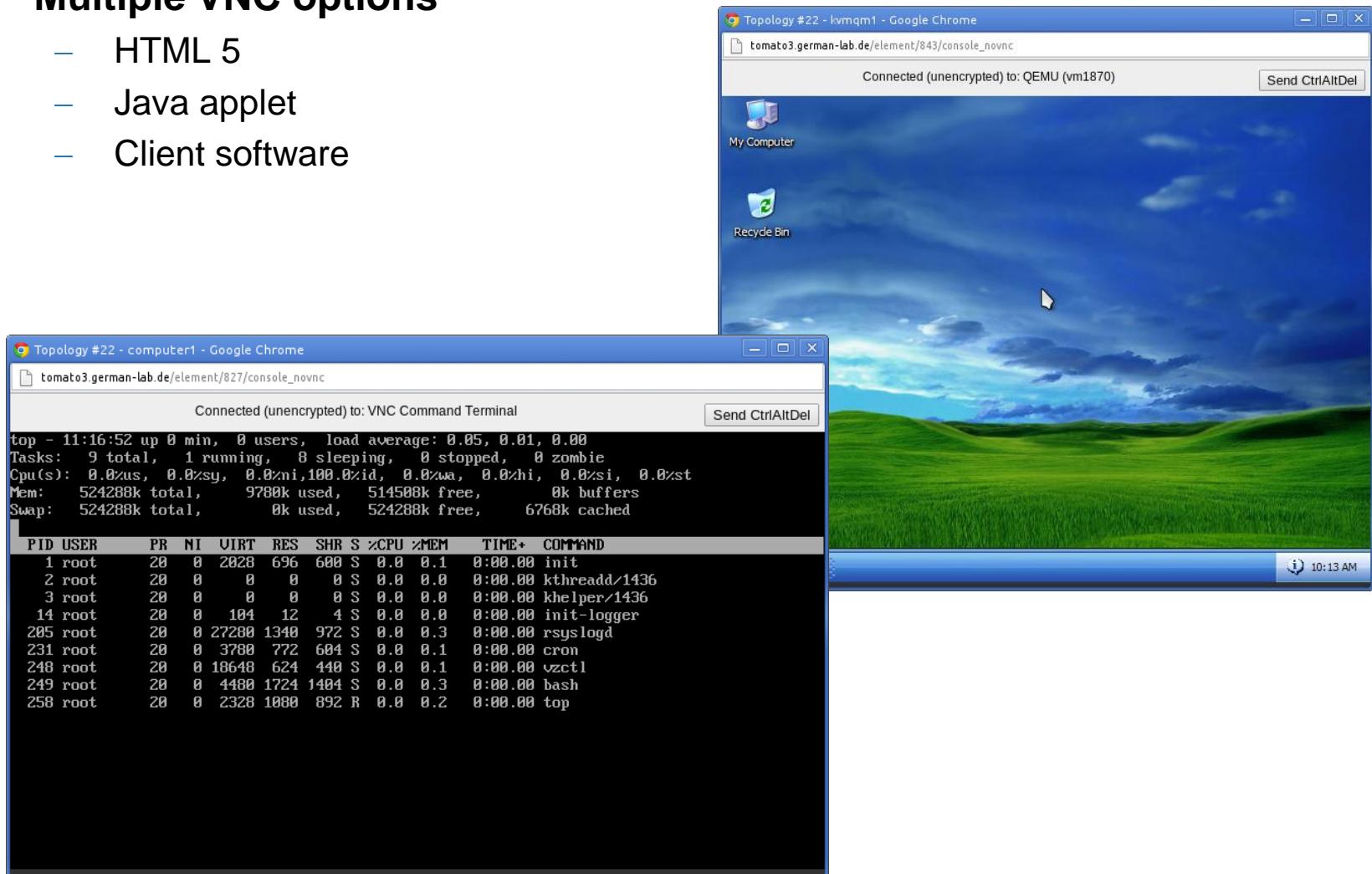
Webfrontend – Usage Statistics



Console Access

▶ Multiple VNC options

- HTML 5
- Java applet
- Client software



Link Emulation

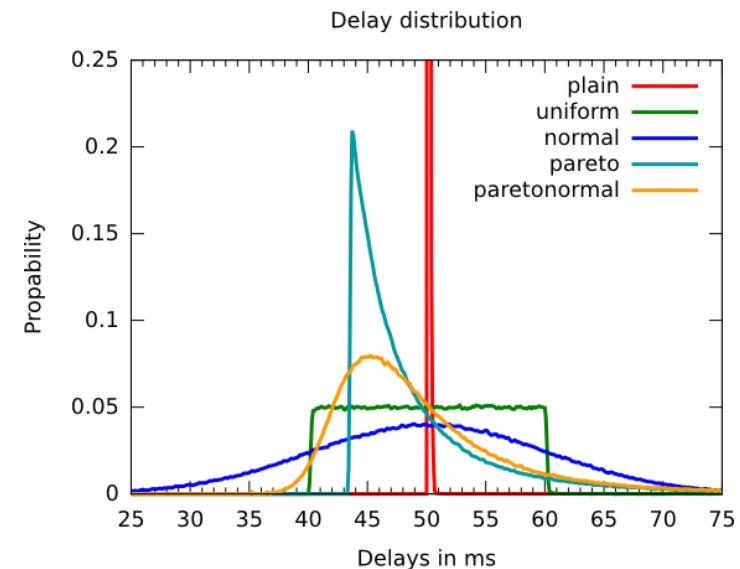
Properties

- Bandwidth
- Latency
- Jitter
- Packet loss
- Corruption & duplication

Link emulation

Enabled

Direction	From openvz1.eth0 to tinc_vpn5.tinc_endpoint6	From tinc_vpn5.tinc_endpoint6 to openvz1.eth0	
Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="10000"/>	<input type="text" value="10000"/>	kbit/s
Delay	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	ms
Jitter	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	ms
Distribution	<input type="button" value="Uniform"/>	<input type="button" value="Uniform"/>	
Loss ratio	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	%
Duplication ratio	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	%
Corruption ratio	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	%



Packet Capturing

Properties

- Captures packages on the wire
- Direct filtering
- Format: Pcap, (compatible with Wireshark)
- Two modes: Download, Live capture



Cloudshark

- Online tool for packet analysis

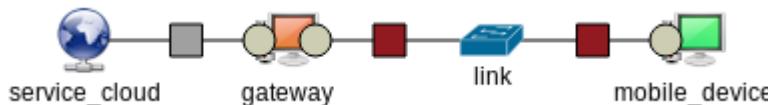
The screenshot displays a packet capture analysis interface. At the top, it shows the current file as 'http://blog.rootshell.be/wp-content/uploads/2010/06/cloudsharkdemo.pcap download original (1.1 kb)'. Below this is the CloudShark logo and a toolbar with various icons. The main area is a table with columns: No., Time, Source, Destination, Protocol, and Info. The table lists 10 ICMP Echo requests and replies between two hosts. Below the table, a detailed view of Frame 1 is shown, including the frame structure and hex dump. The detailed view for Frame 1 shows the following information:
Frame 1 (98 bytes on wire, 98 bytes captured)
Ethernet II, Src: Dell_Ad4:aa (00:21:70:ad:4d:aa), Dst: 3Com_17:0c:77 (00:04:76:17:0c:77)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.254.229 (192.168.254.229), Dst: 88.191.119.130 (88.191.119.130)
Internet Control Message Protocol
Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
Code: 0 ()
Checksum: 0x80dc [correct]
Identifier: 0xfs24
Sequence number: 1 (0x0001)
Data: 274f224c000000006a8f040000000000001011121314151617...
Length: 56

- ▶ **Hardware in German-Lab**
 - Strong nodes: 16 GB Ram, 2 Quad-Cores, 4 Gigabit LAN
 - 59 nodes in Kaiserslautern
 - 25 nodes in Würzburg, Darmstadt, Karlsruhe and Munich each
- ▶ **ToMaTo deployment**
 - 60 ToMaTo nodes in whole German-Lab
 - 6 ToMaTo nodes in GENI
- ▶ **Additional hardware and links**
 - Multiple OpenFlow switches connected to ToMaTo in Würzburg
 - Gigabit link to GENI connected to ToMaTo in Kaiserslautern
- ▶ **Other ToMaTo installations**
 - Used in Vietnam for research
 - Testing in China

Use case: iGreen

▶ Scenario

- Services for agriculture
- Support for mobile devices
- How does latency affect QoE?



▶ ToMaTo usage

- Simple topology
- Special template with Android emulator
- Usage of link emulation



Use case: Malware Analysis

▶ Scenario

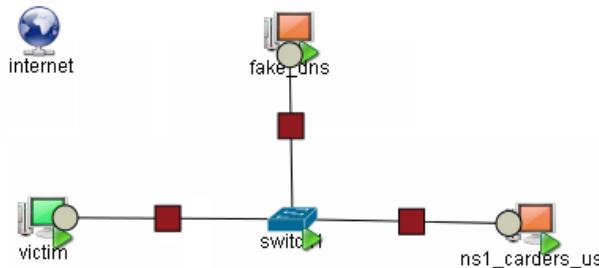
- Analysis of worm
- Focus on network behavior
- Fully contained topology

```
malware_analysis - ns1_carders_us - Mozilla Firefox
http://capanord.informatik.uni-kl.de:8080/top/console/?topology=malware_analysis&device=ns1_carders_us&host=131.

Disconnect Options Clipboard Record Send Ctrl-Alt-Del Refresh
Reading program from /root/tomato/repy/1022.repy
Building script context
Dropping privileges (nobody:nogroup)
Running script /root/tomato/repy/1022.repy, arguments = ['ip=10.0.0.3,mac=02:34:64:f3:a1:6b']
Options: {'ip': '10.0.0.3', 'mac': '02:34:64:f3:a1:6b'}
New connection
NICK RBOT!F!USA!XP-65488
USER RBOT!F!USA!XP-65488 "hotmail.com" "ns1.carders.us" :RBOT!F!USA!XP-65488
USERHOST RBOT!F!USA!XP-65488
JOIN #kahraman
```

▶ ToMaTo usage

- Simple topology
- No connection to Internet
- Usage of packet capturing





Framework Comparison

	Planet-Lab	Emulab	Seattle	ToMaTo
Multiple sites	✓	✗	(✓)	✓
Physical hardware access	✗	✓	✗	✗
End-System virtualization	✓	(✓)	✓	✓
Network virtualization	✗	✓	✗	✓
Layer 2 access	✗	✓	✗	✓
Link emulation	✗	✓	✗	✓
Packet capturing	✗	(✓)	✗	✓
High traffic (>100 Mbit/s)	✗	✓	✗	✗
Resource profiles	✓	✗	✗	✓
VNC control	✗	✗	✗	✓

▶ **Versions**

- Version 2.5 (mid 2012)
- Version 3.0 (April 2013, still hunting some bugs)

▶ **Planned element types & features**

- Local virtual networks via VLan technology
- Better support for OpenFlow network elements
- Other virtualization technologies (Virtualbox, LXC)
- Support for OpenStack (external work)

▶ **Planned cooperation**

- Forming an international community
- International outposts
- Bridges into major research networks



More Information

▶ Websites

- ToMaTo project: <http://dswd.github.com/ToMaTo>
- ToMaTo German-Lab testbed: <http://tomato3.german-lab.de>
- German-Lab: <http://ww.german-lab.de>

▶ Publications

- ToMaTo - a network experimentation tool
Dennis Schwerdel, David Hock, Daniel Günther, Bernd Reuther, Paul Müller and Phuoc Tran-Gia
7th International ICST Conference on Testbeds and Research Infrastructures for the Development of Networks and Communities (TridentCom 2011), Shanghai, China, April 2011.
- Future Internet Research and Experimentation: The G-Lab Approach
Dennis Schwerdel, Bernd Reuther, Thomas Zinner, Paul Müller and Phuoc Tran-Gia
Computer Networks, special issue on FI testbeds, tbp



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