

GENI Project Review - WiMAX

June 29, 2009

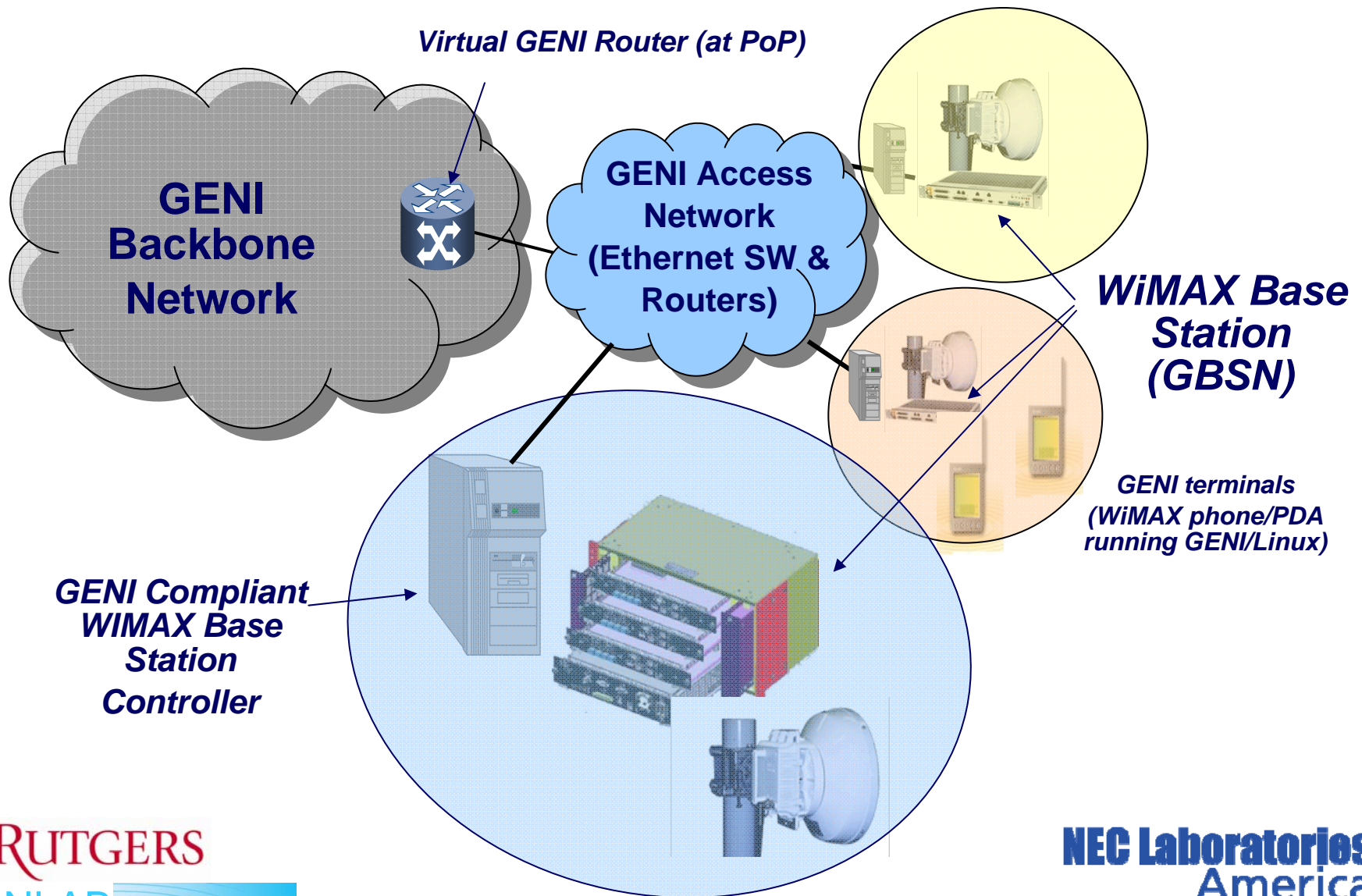
WINLAB



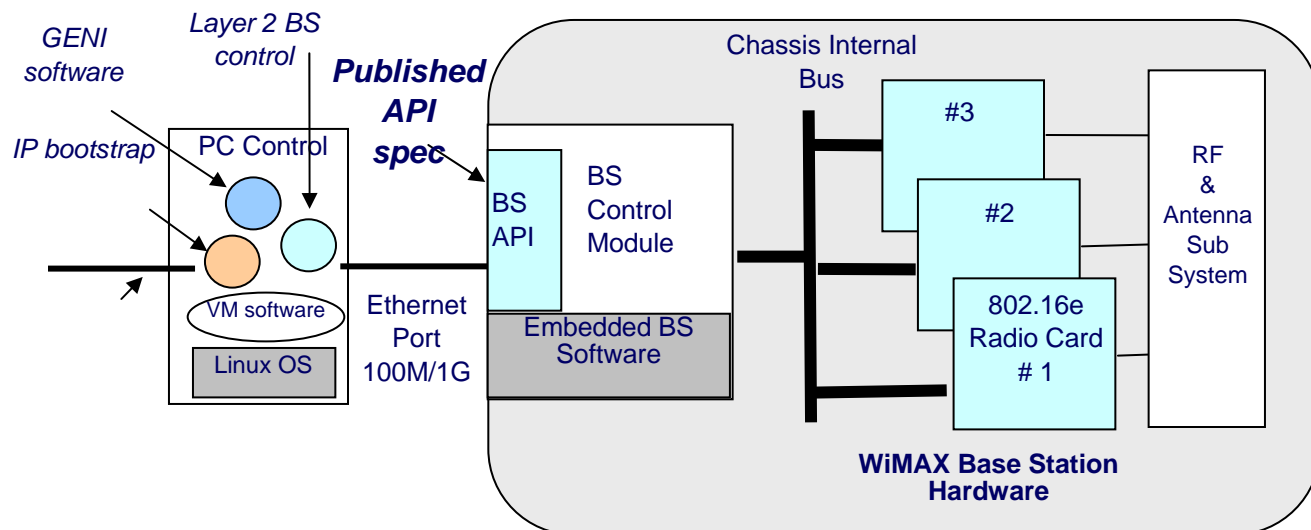
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GENI WiMAX: System Overview



GENI WiMAX: Project Scope & Goals



NEC Release 1 802.16e BTS

- Spiral 1 GENI proof-of-concept project with NEC Labs, Princeton
- Open API for control of 802.16e BTS parameters
- Support for L2/L3 programming and resource virtualization
- Integration with ORBIT Control & release to GENI experimenters

GENI WiMAX: BS Technical Specs

<i>PHY</i>	Access mode	SOFDMA/TDD
	Frequency	2535 ~ 2605 MHz
	DL:UL ratio	35:12, 26:21, 29:18
	Channel BW	10 MHz , 8.75 MHz
	FFT size	1024, 512
	Frame duration	5ms
	TX output Power	35dBm (max)
	# of sectors	3
<i>MAC</i>	Head compression	PHS
	ARQ	HARQ/CC, ARQ
	MBS support	Single BS, multiple BS-MBS
<i>Networking</i>	Resource management	Power control, mode control (idle, sleep etc.)
	IP protocols	IPv4, IPv6
	Bridging/Routing	Transparent L2 switch, Bridging
	Packet handling	802.1Q VLAN, PHS**)

Base Station Features



rtPS	real-time polling service
ertPS	enhanced real-time polling service
nrtPS	non real-time polling service
UGS	unsolicited grant service
BE	best effort

Supported Service Classes

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GENI WiMAX: Base Station Deployment at WINLAB Tech Center Building

- Rt.1 campus deployment Q1/09
- Performance evaluation in progress

RF Module
(sector)

Base
Module



Outdoor Unit (ODU)



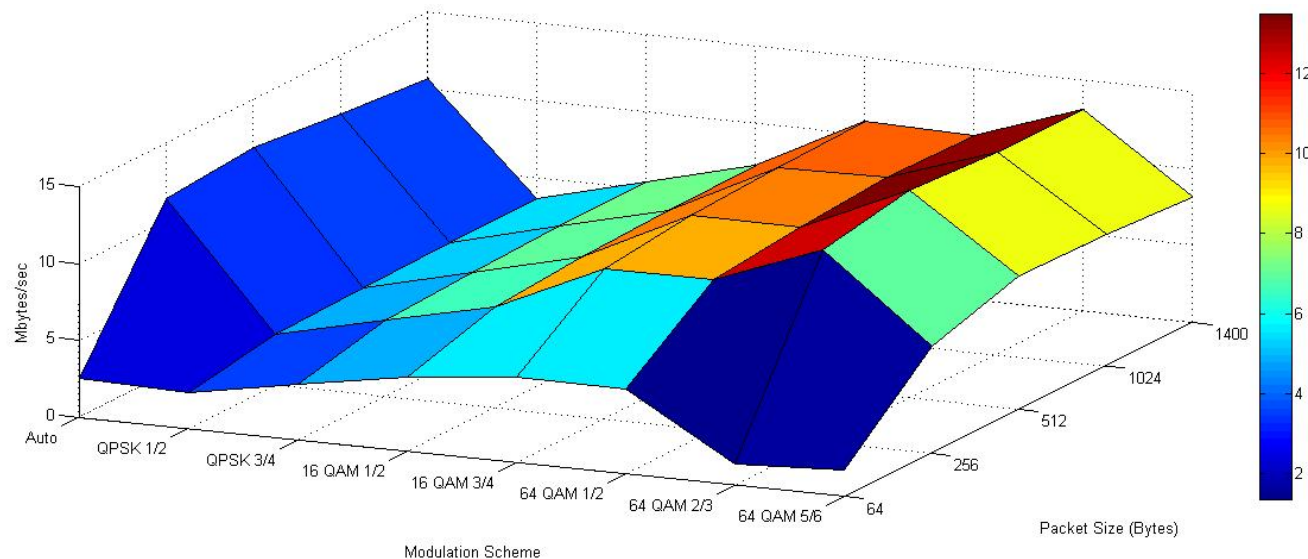
Omni-directional antenna
(elev. < 6ft above roof!)

GENI WiMAX: Baseline Coverage and Throughput Measurements

- Max DL/UL Throughput

Max DL throughput (DL:UL ratio = 29:18) = 12Mbps (UDP AND TCP) Max UL Throughput (DL:UL ratio = 29:18) = 5Mbps (UDP AND TCP)

- Coverage: 5~10 Km





GENI WiMAX: ASN Functional Modules

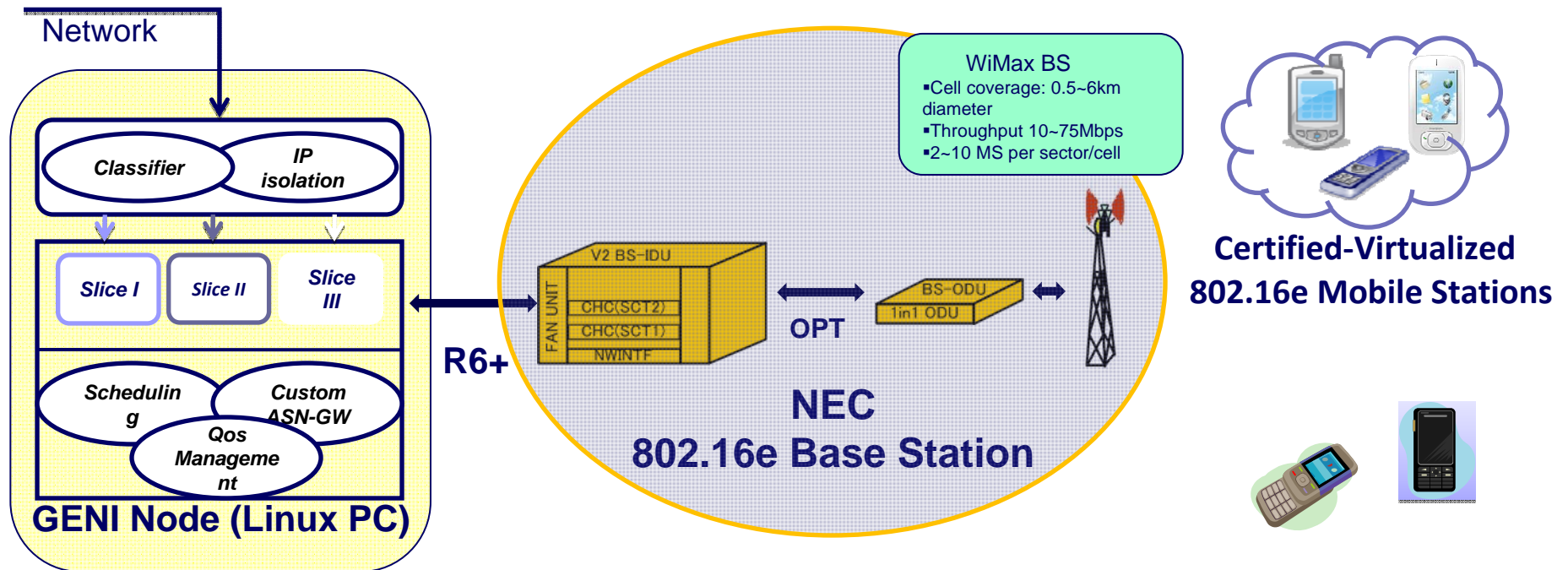
1. NEC R6 CONTROLLER: This entity consists of the R6 control messages that are exchanged with the NEC BS. It will be a binary as it consists of proprietary NEC R6 messages. It will use “GENI-R6 messages” to talk to the GENI controller.
2. GENI CONTROLLER: This component will be developed to exchange messages with the GMC and the NEC R6 Controller. It is responsible for slice maintenance, datapath creation, configuring the GENI TUN Device and the GENI scheduler.
3. GENI TUN DEVICE: This is a virtual device that will handle all packets between the Slices and the Mobile Stations. The GENI controller will configure this device on the fly with information about the MSs, the Slices and the corresponding GRE interfaces. This device is responsible for routing traffic to the correct GRE interface in the Downlink and the correct Slice in the Uplink. This device is responsible for providing complete isolation between the slices.
4. GENI SCHEDULER/SHAPER: This is the most significant part of the architecture. It schedules the Downlink traffic across the various flows of the different Slices. It will be configured on the fly by the GENI Controller. There will be some feedback information from the BS that it will use for efficient scheduling.



GENI WiMAX: R6 Messages

1. MS_REG(MAC Address,Status) : This message is sent from the NEC R6 Controller to the GENI controller indicating that a MS has registered successfully or unsuccessfully.
2. SF_CREATION(MAC Address,SFIDs) : This message is sent from the NEC R6 Controller to the GENI controller specifying the Service Flows(SFIDs) created for that MS.
3. MS_POLICY(MAC Address,Policy) : This message is sent from the GENI controller to the NEC R6 Controller for configuring the Service Flow policies for the specified MS.

GENI WiMAX: Open API Control Parameters



GENI Open API

- Maximum Bit-Rate, Burst-Rate
- Minimum Tolerable Sending Bit-Rate
- Maximum Tolerable jitter
- Minimum Delay
- Scheduling Type (e.g., UGS, rtPs, nrtPs)
- Frequency of Operation
- Rate / Power requirements

Base Station State

- Radio resources (UL and DL)
- Time slots (UL and DL)
- Downlink burst profile
- Uplink burst profile
- Frequency
- Power
- Rate

Legend

- BS-IDU: Base Station indoor unit
- BS-ODU: Base Station outdoor unit
- R6+: Extension of standard ASN-GW-BS R6 interface
- OPT: Optical Link



GENI WiMAX: Open API Functions -1

■ Network Entry Control

1. `append_mac_acl` (MS_MAC_Addr, IPaddress/mask)
 - Add the given MAC address to the ACL (access control list)
 - IP address for the corresponding MAC address is specified along with the mask.
 - Done before a connection / flow can be setup.
2. `remove_mac_acl`(MS_MAC_Addr, IPaddress/mask)
 - Remove the given MAC address from the ACL
 - IP address for the corresponding MAC address is specified along with the mask.

GENI WiMAX: Open API Functions -2

■ Flow Level Service Differentiation

3. *create_service_flow(DL/UL, CID, MSID, Class TLV)*

- Used to create a service flow in the uplink/downlink direction for a particular connection ID based on a specified service class classifier.

4. *delete_serviceflow (SFID)*

- Terminates the service flow allocated to a particular user.

Success returns true.

5. *create_service_class(direction, priority, classifier-ips, classifier-ports, service_type)*

- Service_type - One of the five types – BE/UGS/rtPS/nrtPS/ertPS

6. *delete_serviceclass(direction, priority, classifier-ips, classifier-ports, service_type)*

7. *set_minimal_mcs(Service class tlv, mcs) and set_fixed_mcs(Service class tlv, mcs)*

- Used to set the minimal or fixed modulation and coding scheme (MCS) to be used for that service class according to channel condition

GENI WiMAX: Open API Functions -3

■ Radio Level Service Differentiation

8. *set_radio_resource(MSID, RR)*

- Information provided by this function should be consulted during initial ranging and connection setup.

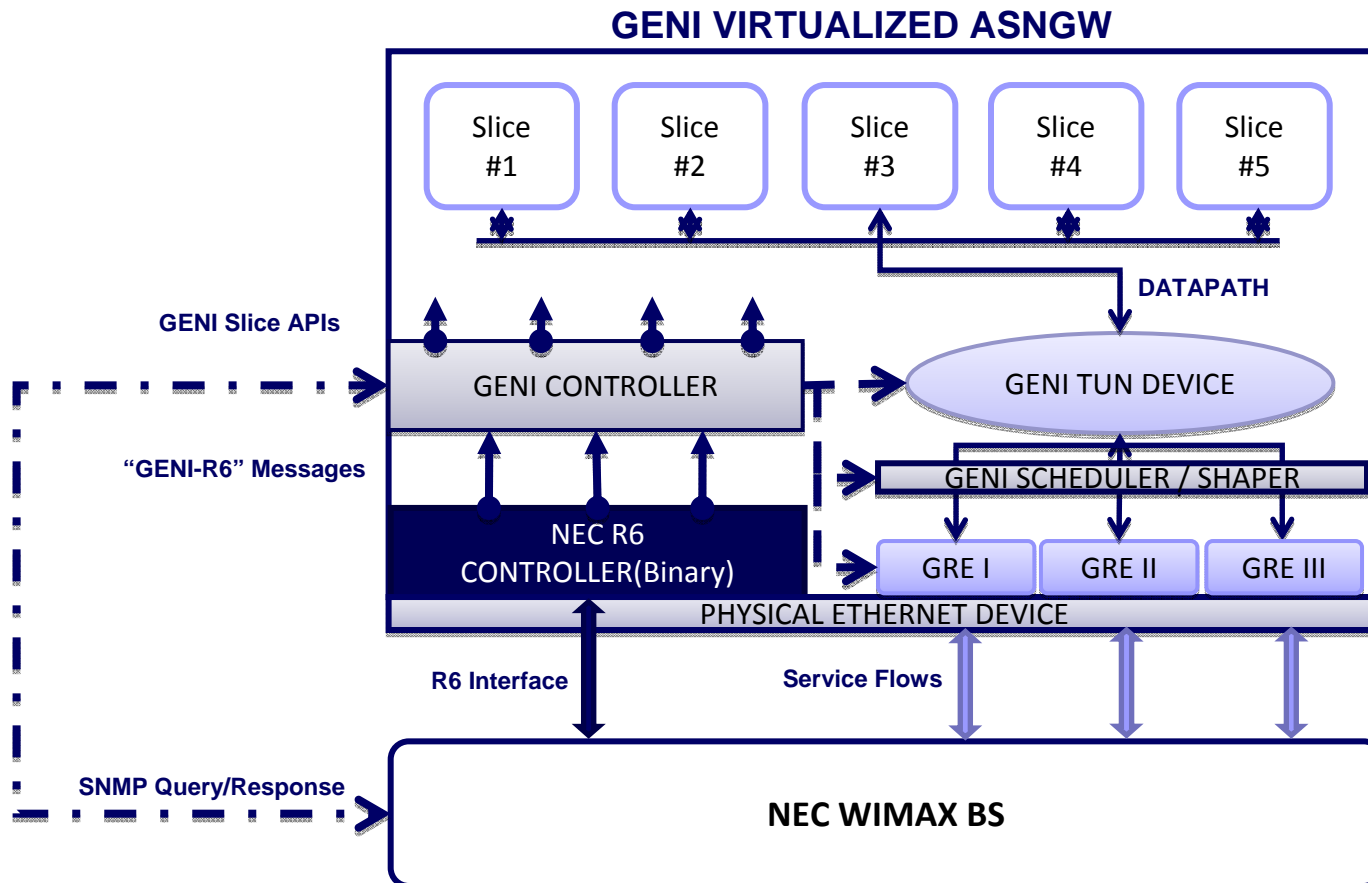
9. *set_ul_dl_ratio(BSID, UL_DL_ratio)*

- Based on RR allocation in *set_radio_resource()*, this routine allows the user to set the uplink-downlink ratio as a fraction of the RR.

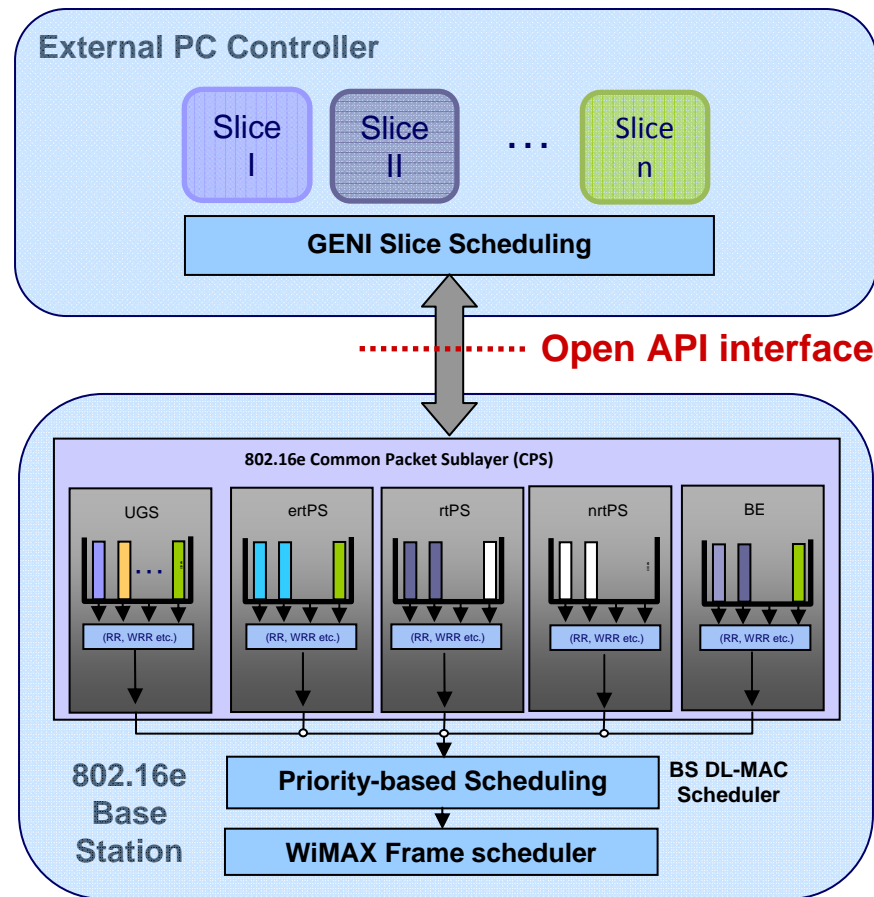
10. *set_qos_priority(BSID, QOS_priority)*

- Information provided by this function should be consulted during initial ranging and connection setup.

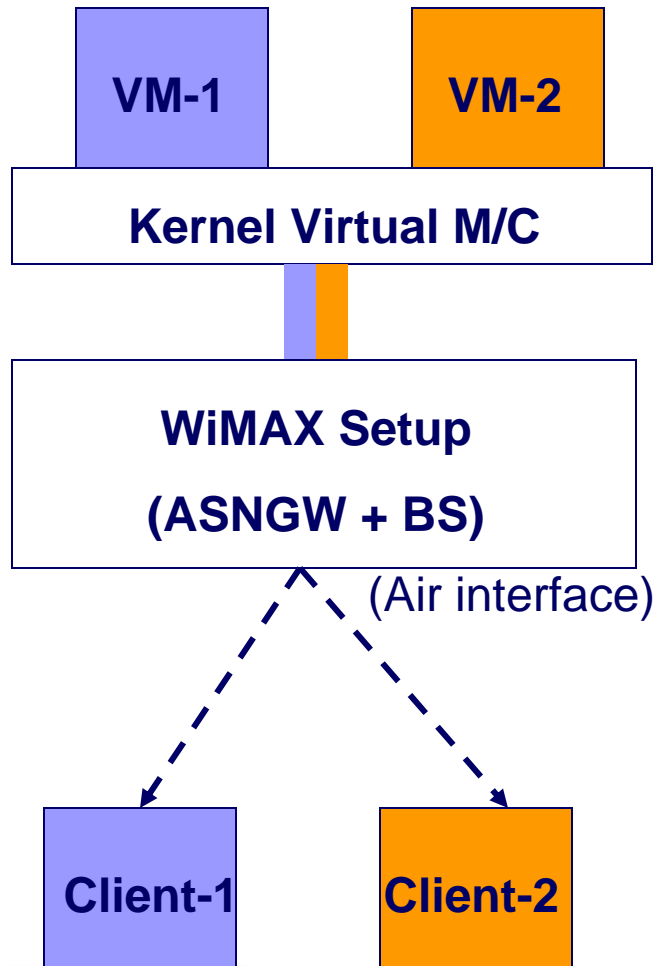
GENI WiMAX: BS Virtualization Architecture



GENI WiMAX: Open API & Interface to Base Station Queues

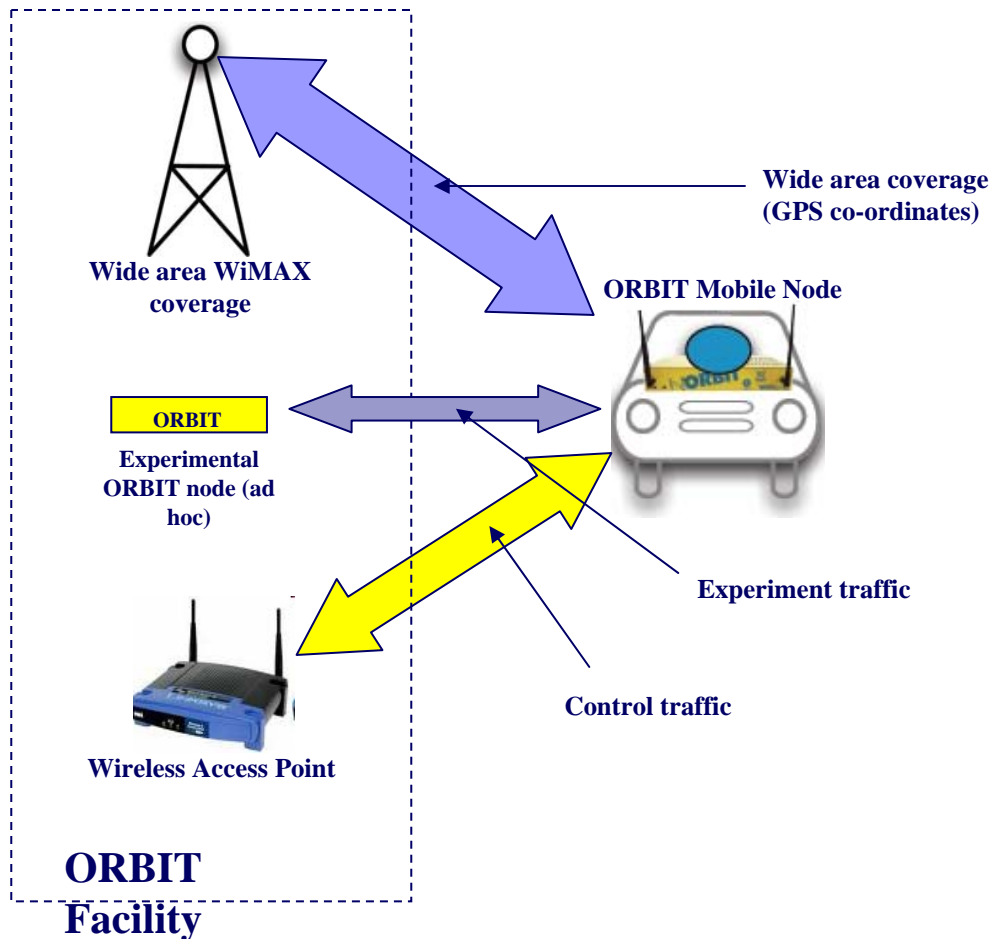


GENI WiMAX: Current Work on Virtualization



- Migration to debian
- KVM tested independently
- Integration of KVM with the WiMAX setup complete
- Static slice setup is possible through external configuration
- Next steps-
 - Performance evaluation with KVM
 - API for end – to – end slice creation
 - Implement resource management algorithms

GENI WiMAX: WiMAX/OMF Demo



- Allowed wide area GPS tracking
- Simultaneous wide area video coverage
- Integrated operation with OMF framework
- Demo shown at GEC-4

GENI WiMAX: Remaining Year 1 Tasks & Milestones

- Base Station API & L2 Controls
 - Complete API software implementation 8/09
- Virtualization Software Development
 - KVM performance evaluation 7/09
 - Click-based GENI controller 8/09
 - System integration & evaluation 9/09
- Full OMF Integration - 9/09
 - Gridservice based global BS controller
 - Slice creation & experimental OMF support
- Year 1 system-level demo – 10/09
 - Operational WiMAX BS with multiple slices
 - Experiments specified and executed via OMF
 - Includes mobile vehicular experiment
- Slice resource management algorithms – 10/09
 - Mapping of slice rspec to BS capabilities
 - Algorithms for statistical multiplexing & fairness

GENI WiMAX: Year 2 Goals and Schedule

- L2 connectivity to GENI backbone
 - Fiber connectivity from Rutgers via PHL PoP
- Network management & measurements
 - ORBIT measurements framework
 - Improved operator management GUI
- Virtualization of handsets
 - Mobile platform (laptop/card, later “G-phone”) with virtualization software
- Software updates for NEC’s 2010 BS equipment
 - R6 standard interface
 - Other changes?
- Reference implementation & documents for campus WiMAX “kit”
 - Add WiMAX resources to ORBIT and GENI web pages
 - Documents to assist with deployment and RF planning