





EODN-IDMS

A distributed storage service for open access to Landsat data for natural resources and educational applications using GENI's flexible cloud infrastructure

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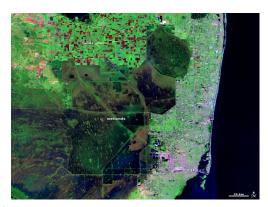


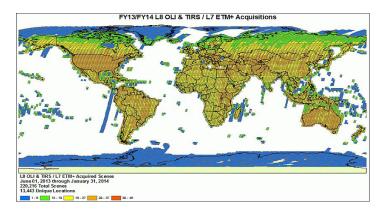




Landsat data

- Landsat 8 launched February 13th, 2013
- Covers the entire land surface of the Earth every 16 days 8 day offset from Landsat 7
 - ~700 scenes each day
- Each scene contains a GeoTIFF product: high-resolution sensor images
 - ~1GB compressed, 2GB uncompressed
- Thermal Infrared (TIRS) and Operational Land Imager (OLI) sensors
 - 11 bands total : deep blue through thermal infrared
- Traditionally used for environmental monitoring and land use and land cover change studies











Integrating Weather and Land Imagery

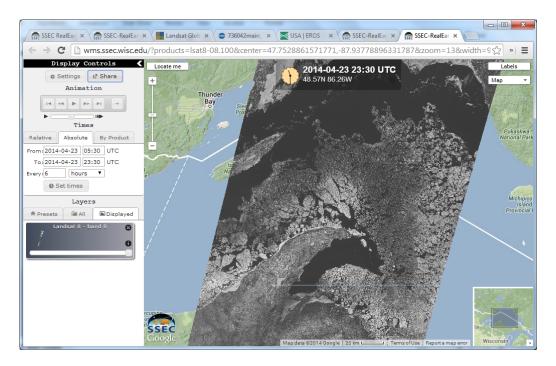
- RealEarth: Delivering Near Real-time Remote Sensing Content to Mobile Devices & Browsers
- Supports atmospheric **science** and meteorology **research** communities (and the **public**)
- A way to **overlay** different data products and **share** visualizations
- EODN makes RealEarth better by making land imagery available faster





Landsat imagery for Weather?

- Interest in relationship between land surface features and weather
 - Such as: ground fog, wildfires, cloud patterns, ice coverage, hail swaths...
 - Visualize the imagery together for discovery



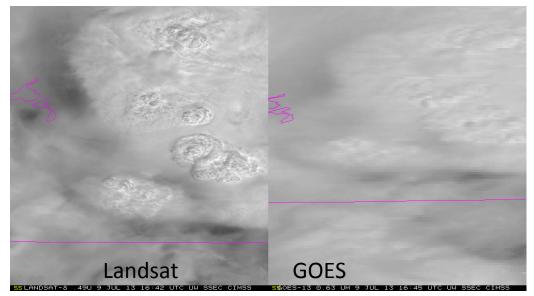




Landsat imagery for Weather?

- Landsat data:
- Low temporal resolution (16 days)
- High spatial resolution (15m-30m)
- High latencies (24hr +)
- Low spatial coverage (185km)

- Weather data:
- High temporal resolution (15 min)
- Low spatial resolution (1km pixel)
- Low latencies (30min for polar orbiter)
- Whole hemispheric coverage







Primary workflow barrier

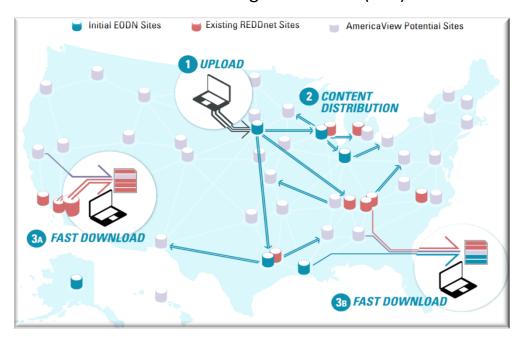
- Latency
 - Weather imagery: low; land imagery: high
- How to Enhance Access to Landsat Imagery?
 - Bypass shopping cart approach
 - Define locations of interest
 - Staging imagery at locations where it can be quickly processed
 - Accessible to multiple applications
- Answer: data logistics (EODN)





Earth Observation Depot Network (EODN)

- Addresses the deployment concerns in enabling open access to remotely sensed data from a wide range of public, private, and commercial sources
- Deployed on a volunteer basis by AmericaView members in conjunction with existing REDDnet resources
- Built in part with the NSF-funded Data Logistics Toolkit (DLT)

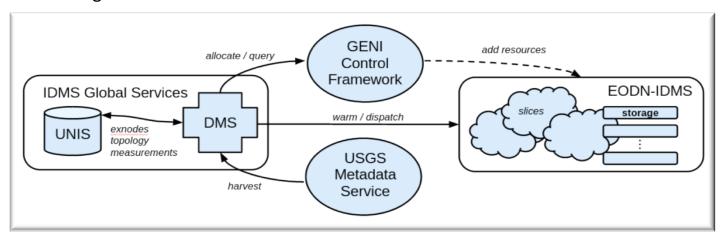






Intelligent Data Movement Service (IDMS)

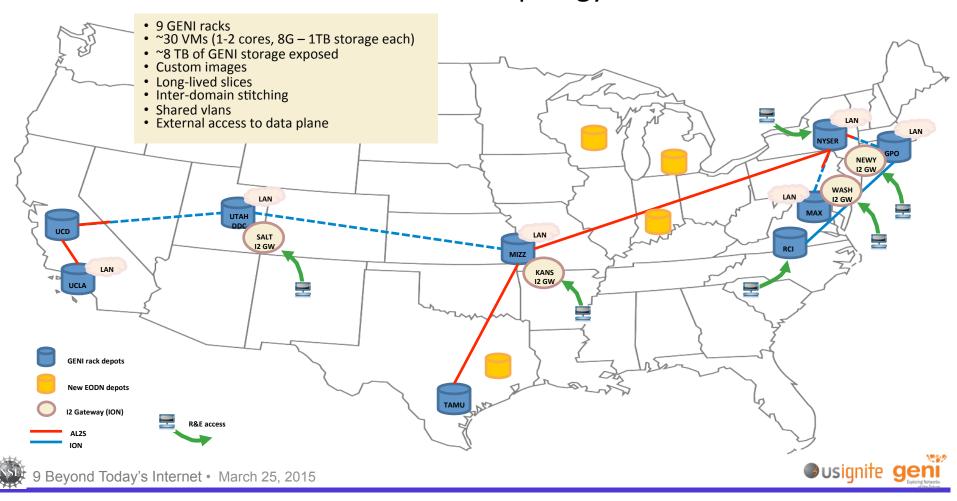
- IDMS extends EODN to work on GENI
 - Uses common DLT storage components with additional software
- Makes use of dynamic and geographically diverse storage and networking resources across aggregates
 - Uses GENI CF to create additional storage based on demand
- Extended functionality that facilitates the distribution of and access to remote sensing data



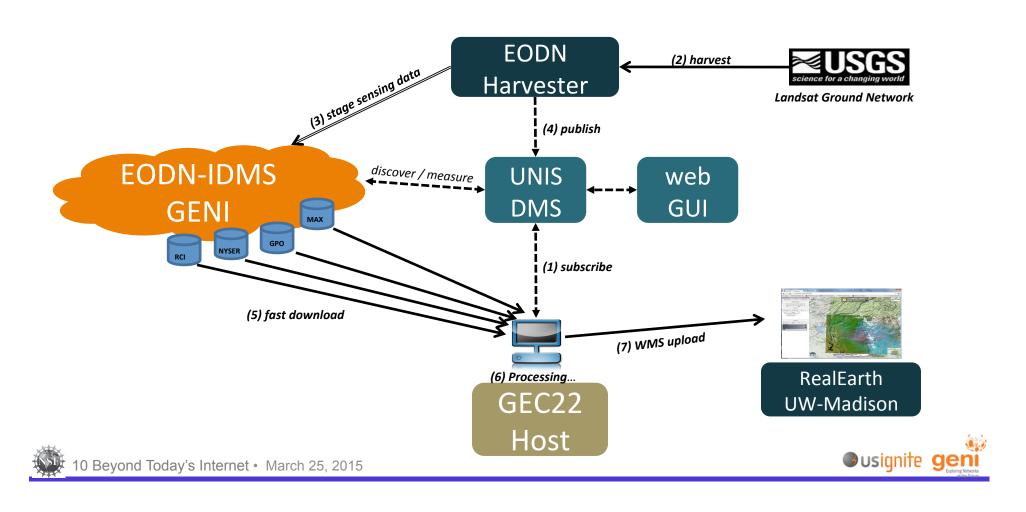




GEC22 core topology



Today's demonstration



Summary and Future

Today:

- GENI enables on-demand, local storage acting as "fast caches" for time-sensitive data in EODN-IDMS
- Reduced time to acquire and expose new high-resolution map data for RealEarth users
- Shared vision has driven rapid development and cross-collaboration between the EODN, DLT, and IDMS projects
 - Prototyping a functional, long-lived service for the remote sensing community

Future:

- Upload and publish processed data sets for broader use (reduce duplicated effort)
- Tighter integration with existing and widely-used map-based browsers and USGS metadata query systems





Thank you!

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http://groups.geni.net/geni/wiki/sol4/IDMS

http://data-logistics.org/

http://americaview.org/



